

Figure 2. Generalized stratigraphy and water-bearing properties of formations underlying Albany and surrounding areas, southwest Georgia [Modified from Clarke and others, 1984 (early Eocene and older) and Hicks and others, 1987 (middle Eocene and younger)].

ERA	SYSTEM	SERIES	GROUP, FORMATION, AND MEMBER		AQUIFER OR CONFINING UNIT, THIS REPORT			
			Northwest	Southeast				
Cenozoic	Quaternary	Holocene	Undifferentiated overburden	Undifferentiated overburden				
	Tertiary	Pliocene				Surficial aquifer/upper semi-confining unit		
		Miocene		Undifferentiated sediments				
	Oligocene			Suwannee Limestone	Upper Floridan aquifer	Upper water-bearing zone		
	Tertiary	Upper Eocene		Ocala Limestone	Ocala Limestone	Upper Floridan aquifer	Middle unit	
				Clinchfield Sand			Lower water-bearing zone	
		Middle Eocene	Claiborne Group		Lisbon Formation		Lisbon Formation	Lisbon confining zone
					Tallahatta Formation		Claiborne aquifer ²	
			Tallahatta Formation (?) ¹					
		Paleocene	Wilcox Group		Bashi Formation	Hatchetigbee Formation	Wilcox confining unit	
					Tusahoma Formation			
					Baker Hill Formation			
			Midway Group		Porters Creek Clay			Clayton aquifer
					Clayton Formation			
Mesozoic	Cretaceous	Upper Cretaceous		Providence Sand (upper unnamed sand member)	Clayton-Providence confining zone			
				Providence Sand (Perote member)	Providence aquifer			
				Ripley Formation	Providence-Ripley confining zone			
				Cusseta Sand	Cusseta aquifer			
				Blufftown Formation	Blufftown aquifer			
				Eutaw and Tuscaloosa Formations (undivided)				

¹ Gibson, 1982
² Ripy and others, 1981

EXPLANATION

 Sediments comprising the Upper Floridan aquifer

 Missing rocks